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August 27, 2018

Also sent via email to randy@depewgillen.com

Randall K. Rathbun
Depew Gillen Rathbun & McInteer LC
8301 E. 21st Street North, Suite 450
Wichita, Kansas 67206

Re: Quivira National Wildlife Refuge – Water Right File No. 7,571

Mr. Rathbun:

In response to your letter dated August 17, 2018, attached is the Request to Secure Water filed with our office by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, dated January 17, 2017. We have attempted to maintain a digital copy of all relevant documents regarding this issue on our website for public access, however, we initially failed to post the Request to Secure Water and have since remedied this oversight.

As noted in your letter, Big Bend Groundwater Management District No. 5 ("GMD5") continues their work to develop a local enhanced management area ("LEMA)" to address the impairment within parameters that we have established. Those requirements are clear that if augmentation is not provided, much more significant pumping reductions will be required. Once ordered, a LEMA's corrective controls are not voluntary and are enforceable under state law.

A Request to Secure Water is filed pursuant to K.A.R. 5-4-1, which in section (e)(2) states:

If the area of complaint is located within the boundaries of a GMD and if the final report determines that the impairment is substantially due to direct interference, the chief engineer shall allow the GMD board to recommend how to regulate the impairing water rights to satisfy the impaired right.

The GMD5 Board of Directors recommend that they move forward with a local enhanced management area, and they are working diligently towards the formation of such a district. Although GMD5 has not yet finalized a plan, we believe an appropriate and enforceable solution can be crafted and that our actions to date are within our regulatory authority.

Sincerely,

Kenneth B. Titus Chief Legal Counsel kenneth.titus@ks.gov

Encl: Request to Secure Water

RECEIVED

Aug 27 2018

Big Bend GMD #5



IN REPLY REFER TO: BA WTR

Mail Stop 60189

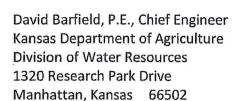
KS WR

United States Department of the Interior





STREET LOCATION: 134 Union Boulevard Lakewood, Colorado 80228-1807



JAN 1 7 2017

Dear Mr. Barfield:

Enclosed is the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) request to secure water regarding water right No. 7571 from injury due to junior groundwater wells. The Service appreciates the help received during our January 03, 2016 phone conversation ensuring the form was filled out accurately. Please let us know if any further changes need to be made.

As we indicated in our December 01, 2016 letter, submission of this form will not preclude us from working further with Big Bend Groundwater Management District No. 5 to obtain a mutual solution. We must, however, have the solution be enforceable from your office and feel that submitting this request will ensure that enforceability occurs in 2018.

Please contact me at 303-236-4491 if you any questions or would like to discuss further. Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

Sincerely,

Brian S. Caruso, Ph.D., P.E.

Chief, Division of Water Resources

REQUEST TO SECURE WATER

To:	Chief Engineer Division of Water Resources Kansas Department of Agriculture (or his or her authorized agent)		<u>January 01, 2018</u> (Date)				
1.	I am presenting the following information as the basis	for action on my request to	secure water:				
	That pursuant to K.S.A. 82a-701 et. seq., a water right	t, identified as follows, has	been established:				
	a. Vested Right						
	File No	County	Source				
		Quantity	Rate				
	b. Appropriation Right File No. <u>7571</u>	Priority Date <u>August</u>					
	Status Certified						
	Rattlesnake Creek	14,632	300 cfs				
	Source	Quantity	Rate				
3.	A. That the appurtenant to the water right described in U.S. Dept. of the Interior - U.S. Fish and Wildlife Se Name	P.O. Box 254	86, Denver Federal Center, Mailstop				
	Name	NE NE	Address				
	B. That the land described in paragraph 2 is owned by (If different than owner of water right)	f:					
	same as above						
1. 2. 3.	Name		Address				
	Name		Address				
	That the undersigned, (if not the owner) has an interes	t in the above-described la	and water right as follows:				
	Agent (tenant, lesse	e, buyer, contract or other					
5.	That during this calendar year <u>0</u> acre-feet of water has	s been used under this righ	nt.				
3.	That the undersigned has need for 14,632 acre-feel at locations described as follows:	t of water at a rate of	g.p.m. for Recreational purposes				
	Fish and Wildlife Habitat, Forage						
	No. of Acres: 22,135 Kind of Crop: N/A						

7.	That I am prepared to, and will, in available to me at a rate of <u>See</u> 20 <u>18</u> .	the exercise of my v g.p.m. or less, com Zed	vater right described above, nmencing at <u>12</u> o'clock A.M. o	apply to beneficial use all water n <u>January 1</u> ,
8.	That I have been informed that water	is available from the	source of supply in the amoun	t of:
	<u>Date</u>	Estim	nated Flow	Location
	1974 - 2013	Va	ariable Ra	ttlesnake Creek, Zenith Gage
9.	That I have been informed that water	is, or was, being dive	rted from the source of supply	as follows:
	<u>Date</u>	Water Right	<u>Name</u>	Rate of Diversion 30,000 - 60,000 AF per
	1995 - 2007	Multiple	Junior Appropriators	year depletions to Rattlesnake Creek
10.	That I have advised the persons liste	,	or water and my intention to ex Date	ercise my water right: <u>Agreeable – Yes Or No</u>
	Big Bend GMD No. 5	12/	01/2016	No
	I request in accordance with the en, close, adjust or regulate the head acture as may be necessary to secure	gates, valves, or oth	er controlling works of any di	eer or his or her authorized agent itch, canal, conduit, pipe, well, or
			7 8	The same
				Signature Agent
Sta	te of Kanasas Colorado)			
Co	unty of Jefferson) ss		,	
to t	Brian S. Card he best of his or her knowledge and be	the information is true and correct		
			Af	fiant's Signature agent
	Subscribed and sworn to before	me this 17th day	of January	, 20_17
	CAROLINE M. CORDOVA NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF COLORADO NOTARY ID 20044034704 MY COMMISSION EXPIRES, 09/28/2020		Carolin	M Candoni Notary Public
Му	Commission Expires SCPT (H DL	28,2020		law Street
			Denun C	0 80219

Seasonal Rattlesnake Creek Water Need Estimates for Quivira National Wildlife Refuge, Prepared May 2015

Background

At the request of Kansas Department of Agriculture, Division of Water Resources (DWR), the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has provided information to increase understanding of *seasonal* water needs to accomplish management objectives of the Quivira National Wildlife Refuge (Refuge). The Refuge's current annual Water Right 7571 on Rattlesnake Creek is 14,632 ac-ft. There is no single estimate that accurately predicts seasonal surface water needs of the Refuge because various factors influence water needs within and among years, such as short-and long-term weather patterns, the timing of wildlife events (e.g., migration), and changing habitat conditions.

Approach

<u>Scenario 1</u> – There was interest by DWR to evaluate the potential of using past water use records to quantify estimates of seasonal water needs to accomplish refuge management objectives. To accomplish this task, Refuge staff compiled 48 years of monthly water-use records and grouped months into seasons based on the life cycle events of waterbirds (timing of migration, relative abundances) and the lag time required to transfer water to wetlands through the ditch infrastructure (Table 1). For example, flooding a wetland to the appropriate depth can require days to weeks depending on location from the diversion, volume of water available, and existing soil moisture conditions (e.g., dry, saturated).

Table 1. Significant annual events largely considered in determining seasonal water needs to accomplish management objectives of Quivira National Wildlife Refuge.

Jan-Feb	Mar	-Apr	May-Jun		Jul-Sep	Oct-Nov	Dec
	MA	NAGEMENT	TO SUPPORT WILDLIFE FO	OD & COVE	R REQUIREMENTS		
Use water where need			permanent wetland habitat				Selfor Service
Shallowly flowing will be used	od select units t to produce wildl	o saturate di ife foods.	ry soils that				
	and growth	of desired p Drawdown o	s for suitable germination plants used for wildlife food dates are based on				
		survival, gr	ect wetland units to suppor rowth, and seed production d wildlife food plants.		After seeds mature, levels in wetlands to and cover needs of t	gradually increase wate coincide with the food arget species.	r
CHRONOL		ANNUAL EV	ENTS OR WHEN LIFE REQU	IREMENTS	NEED TO BE AVAILAB	E FOR SPECIES USE	
Waterfowl and bald eagle wintering habitat is provided when open water is	Peak spring waterfowl migration (habitat flooded <15 inches).	Main sprin shorebird i (habitat flo inches and	migration ooded <6	n f	Main fall shorebird nigration (habitat looded <6 inches and nudflat).	Peak fall waterfow migration (habitat flooded <15 inches).	
available (generally where flooded deep and/or where flow prevents ice formation).	Endanger whooping spring mig (shoreline flooded <	crane gration & habitat	Breeding-related activities waterbirds that require flow food and/or cover resource state-threatened snowy pendangered interior least species in need of conservall, black tern).	coded habites, such as lover, the tern, and for	tat for s for the or state	Endangered whooping crane fall migration (shoreline and habitat flooded <1 ft).	

After reviewing the water use records, Refuge staff made the determination to exclude years (n=28) when total annual water use <u>did not</u> exceed 7,000 ac-ft to prevent extreme bias in estimating seasonal water use due to

limited water availability and/or inappropriate timing of available water. For example, during low water years Refuge staff often receive and use water at less than optimal times (e.g., winter) to help increase the odds that at least some wetland habitat is flooded at critical times (e.g., spring waterbird migration). In this case, the average amount of water used during the winter season would be biased high. Conversely, it is common during low water years to not have sufficient water to maintain wetland vegetation, which results in low food production and sparse cover required by wildlife. In this case, the use of water during summer would be biased extremely low. The use of 7,000 ac-ft as a cutoff point was based on approximating 50% of the Refuge water right and, as such, is somewhat arbitrary.

For the 20 years of when total annual water use exceeded 7,000 ac-ft, water use for each year was partitioned into the appropriate seasons and the median, minimum, and maximum seasonal values across all years were calculated (Table 2).

Table 2. Seasonal median, minimum, and maximum water use (ac-ft) values, calculated using 20 years of data where annual use exceeded 7,000 ac-ft. Totals of the median and maximum seasonal water use values are respectively lower and higher than the current annual water right (14,632 ac-ft).

	Jan -Feb	Mar-Apr	May-Jun	Jul-Sep	Oct-Nov	Dec	Total	
Median	986	1,115	1,062	2,117	1,781	684	7,746	
Minimum	0	89	126	463	151	101		
Maximum	3,557	3,111	2,601	4,374	6,205	2,003	21,851	

This Scenario 1 estimate is biased due to the following:

- Historic use does not accurately reflect water needs during any given year or season.
- Historic water use in a given season may not accurately reflect the volume of water that would have been
 used if water had been available during that season or, perhaps, previous to that season.
- The use of records that exceeded 7,000 ac-ft was arbitrary and only represents nearly half of the Refuge water right. As such, these estimates likely are biased low.

Scenario 2 –

Scenario 2 is based on achieving minimum requirements of CCP objectives following a drought year and water use was not constrained by the current water right (Table 3, Scenario 2). Unlike Scenario 1, seasons in Scenario 2 were defined by CCP habitat-based objectives, as approved in 2013. Data used to develop this scenario included area estimates and area-capacity curves developed by the Service for individual wetlands, published long-term precipitation and pan evaporation data (including the use of a coefficient to account for shallow wetlands), soil infiltration rates calculated based on information in NRCS soil survey data (SSURGO), LiDAR data to estimate volume of ditches, and aerial imagery to estimate surface area of water in the Big and Little Salt Marshes at the beginning of the scenario.

Table 3. Comparison of Rattlesnake Creek surface water use Scenarios 1 and 2 for Quivira NWR.

		Seasonal Water Use Estimates (Acre-Feet)											
Scenario	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
1	98	6	1,1	.15	1,0	62		2,117		1,7	781	684	7,746
2	3,144		7,427		2,8	95		4,0	53		5,8	81	23,400

This Scenario 2 estimate is biased due to the following:

- Water loss due to plant transpiration was not included in water use estimates (which would increase water needs to meet objectives).
- Water loss due to soil infiltration in some wetlands was underestimated because values for the available water capacity of 2,300 acres of wetland soils were not available (which would increase water needs to meet objectives).

- Water loss due to horizontal seepage in ditches during initial flooding was not estimated (which would increase water needs to meet objectives).
- Estimate based on a "normal precipitation" year following a drought year (all units dry); thus, a large volume
 of water (3,144 acre-feet) is needed to initially flood the Little Salt Marsh before water can be diverted
 elsewhere on the Refuge. This volume would be lower in years not preceded by drought.
- Estimate based on initially flooding only units and infrastructure on the south end of the Refuge. If north portion of Refuge were flooded early in the year, water use estimates would increase.
- Seasons are based on habitat objectives and do not always reflect the water management activities/schedules (e.g., time required for water to travel from diversion to wetland of interest).

Results

The seasonal estimates in Table 4 were developed after considering Scenarios 1 and 2 described in the approach above.

Table 4. Seasonal Rattlesnake Creek surface water need estimates for Quivira NWR, given the current water right.

	Seasonal Water Use (Acre-Feet)							
Jan-Feb	Mar-Apr	May-Jun	Jul-Sep	Oct-Nov	Dec	Total		
1,500	3,500	2,000	3,500	3,632	500	14,632		

Although Scenarios 1 and 2 were developed based on quantitative information; these estimates were constrained by limitations that precluded either scenario from being used to directly estimate seasonal water needs. In general, the estimate based on past water use is known to be flawed because the Refuge either did not receive its full annual right of 14,632 ac-ft and/or the seasonal availability of water was not available or lacking, which resulted in the use of water during suboptimal times that often limited or impeded the accomplishment of management objectives. In contrast, the Scenario 2 estimate, based on water needs following drought, exceeded the Refuge water right even though important factors (e.g., water infiltration in ditches, plant transpiration) that would have increased water needs were not included in the estimate. Therefore, the Service used information from both Scenario 1 and Scenario 2 to adjust water use so total annual use matches the current water right of 14,632 ac-ft (Table 4).